

NHSR Scorecard Q2
(July-September 2024)

Date: October 2024

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Interim Director of Midwifery



# Maternity Incentive Scheme Year 6 – Safety The Shrewsbury and Telford Hospital NHS Trust

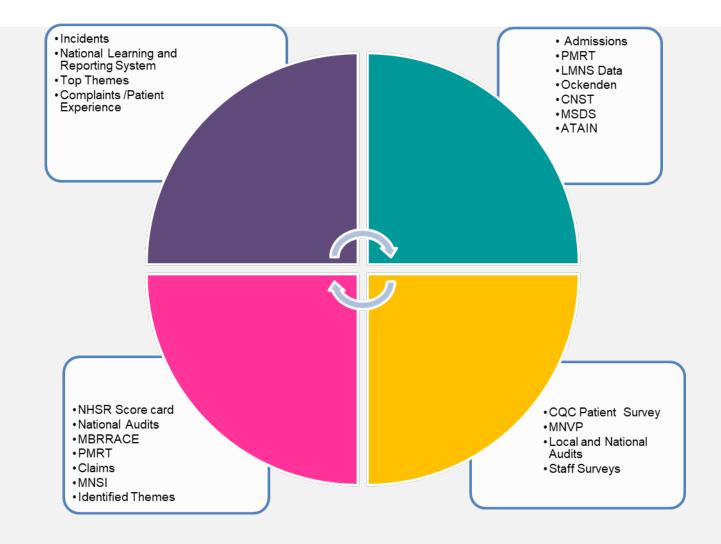
Action 9

Is the Trust's claims scorecard reviewed alongside incident and complaint data and discussed by the maternity, neonatal and Trust Board level Safety Champions at a Trust level (Board or directorate) meeting quarterly (at least twice in the MIS reporting period).



### **Evidence Source**



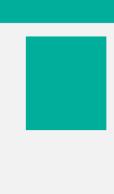




### **Data Collection**



- Review of Litigation Claims/NHSR Scorecard
- Themes from Complaints/Compliments/Friends and Family
- Themes from PSII's/PMRT/External reviews (Ockenden, CQC)
- Top Themes from Incidents Reported
- National Reviews of themes/MNSI Safety Recommendations and Publications/MBRRACE/National Reports/CDOP







# THEMES



## **Incidents by Category Neonatal Q2**



Theme	Example	
Neonatal	ATAIN (Term Admissions) /Unexpected admission to NNU	
Care/Monitoring	Delay /Failure to undertake investigations /failure to follow clinical guidelines	
Operational Pressures (OPEL)	Internal capacity pressures	
Communication failure within team	Incorrect information on BadgerNet/ Lack of detail information in handover between departments	
Medication – Administration	Frequency of medication incorrectly given /Prescription issues	



# **Incidents Top 5 Themes Q2 Maternity**



Theme	Example
Unexpected admission to NNU	Transfer of babies for intensive care (e.g. Respiratory support )
Discharge of patient problems	Self discharge against medical advice
Intrapartum	Post Partum Haemorrhage > 1500mls  3rd and 4th Degree Tears
Communication failure within team correctly/Handover	Communication problem between staff, teams, depts (e.g. BadgerNet information not reviewed
Care / Monitoring / Review Delays	Possible delay or failure to implement care (e.g. delay to IOL due to increased activity/lack of staff)

# Incidents & Actions Q2 Maternity and Neonates



#### **Maternity**

2 PSII's were Commissioned (both were MNSI cases accepted for review)
Reported to STEIS as per current policy

- Hypoglycaemia and seizure activity with significant brain injury on MRI, Accepted by MNSI. Interviews being arranged.
- 2. <u>HIE/Cooling Suspected HIE Therapeutic hypothermia treatment, Neonatal cardiac arrest at home normal MRI but at parental request accepted by MNSI. Interviews being completed.</u>

MNSI <u>HIE/Cooling</u> – Final report received 25/09/2024. The Trust received 6 safety recommendations

No After-Action Review Commissioned

#### **Neonates**

No PSII's Commissioned

No After-Action Review Commissioned



### **Compliments Complaints FFT MNVP Staff Survey**



Complaints Obstetrics &	TOTALS
Maternity	
Access to treatment / drugs	1
Appointment	3
Clinical treatment	11
Communication	8
Consent	1
End of life care	1
Facilities	1
Patient care	5
Prescribing	1
Privacy & dignity	1
Staff numbers	1
Trust admin	1
Values & behaviours	6
Waiting time	1
Neonates	TOTALS
Communication	1
Patient Care	1
Values & Behaviours	1
PALS - Maternity	TOTALS

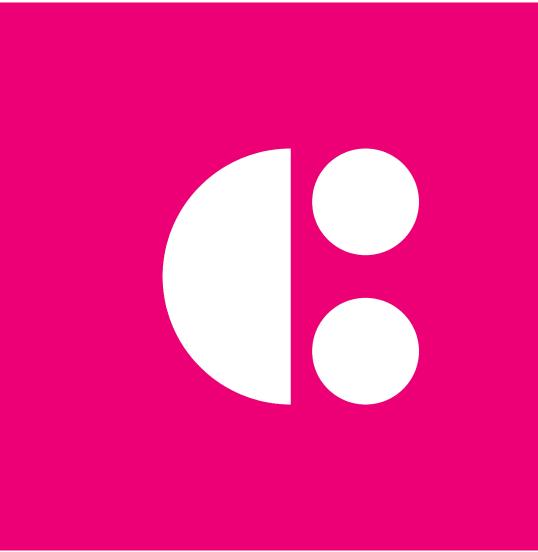
PALS – Maternity	TOTALS				
Obstetrics & Maternity					
Access to treatment / drugs	1				
Appointment	2				
Admission / discharge	1				
Clinical treatment	1				
Communication	9				
Consent	1				
Trust admin	1				
Patient Care	4				
Values & Behaviours	1				
PALS - Neonatal	PALS - Neonatal				
Neonatal	0				

#### Learning

Staff recognition
Guideline and SOP review
Culture & Value Based Workshops
Culture Review
Staff Survey Action Plan
Individual Learning and
Development Programmes
Staff Rotations
QI projects - Triage
Refresher Training
MNVP Engagement
UX Workshop
Reflections



**Q2 Maternity Complaints Subjects** 







#### **ATAIN**

#### **Data**

July 2024

309 Term births at PRH - 6.2% of all term births at >37 weeks (n = 19) Avoidable admissions: (n=0)

August 2024

292 Term births at PRH - 7.2% of all term births at >37 weeks (n =21) Avoidable admissions: (n=0)

September 2024

333 Term births at PRH -7.2% of all term births at >37 weeks (n = 24)

Avoidable admissions: (n=tbc)

#### **Primary Reason for Admission to NNU Q2**

#### **Themes**

Intensive Oxygen support

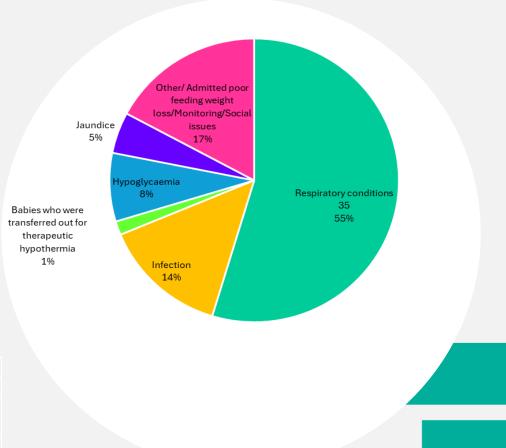
NG Feeding

Hypoglycaemia Policy

Jaundice (Capacity and Treatment)

**NEWT Observations** 

Respiratory conditions	35
Infection	9
Babies who were transferred out for therapeutic hypothermia	1
Hypoglycaemia	5
Jaundice	3
Other/ Admitted poor feeding weight loss/Monitoring/Social issues	11



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### **PMRT MBRRACE**



July-September 2024 (Q 2)	Number	MBRRACE Reportable
Late Fetal Loss (22-23+6 weeks)	1	Yes
Early Fetal Loss (16-19+6 weeks)	5	No
Early Neonatal death (Live birth >20 weeks or 400g) < 7 completed days post birth	0	Yes – 2 SaTH PMRT
Late Neonatal Death (Live birth >20 weeks or 400g) 7-28 days post birth	0	Yes
Post-Neonatal Deaths (7 days to 1 year post birth)	1	Babies born after 22 weeks who receive neonatal care and die >28 days after birth.
Termination of Pregnancy (any gestation)	6	Over 22 weeks or Livebirth from 20 weeks
Stillbirths ( over 24 weeks)	3	Yes

#### **PMRT Themes**

Fluid balance recording, management, and escalation.

Skin care bundle on the NNU

Booking of pregnancy for women accessing care late

Communication between obstetric and neonatal teams

Massive haemorrhage in the neonate

#### Learning

**Quality Improvement Project** 

Ratified in NN governance, being rolled out.

Early bird clinic in place to improve booking capacity

PMRT monthly newsletter for maternity and neonatal units.



### **MNSI Publications**



1 report was published in guarter 2 and 6 safety recommendation was received pertaining to M1-032592 HIE/Cooling received 25/09/2024.

#### **MNSI Safety Recommendations**

6 New safety recommendations were received in September linked to MI-032592.

It is recommended that:

- 1. The Trust to ensure that a robust system is in place for women with gestational diabetes to trigger a face-to-face specialist review when there are concerns with engagement and reduced compliance with blood glucose testing, in order to provide ongoing support to mothers, with timely commencement of medication when required.
- 2. The Trust to provide mothers with accurate personalised information and to ensure their understanding of this, to enable them to make an informed choice regarding mode of birth.
- 3. The Trust to ensure they have consistent guidance to support clinicians in planning care when there are signs of chronic hypoxia on a cardiotocograph prior to the onset of labour.
- 4. The Trust to ensure that staff use and understand the checklist for determining if chronic hypoxia or pre-existing fetal injury is present to ensure that there is a consistent assessment of and management of CTG findings.
- 5. The Trust to review the process of the fresh eyes CTG reviews in labour to ensure they are independent and effective, to optimise the opportunity for recognising fetal heart rate abnormalities.
- 6. The Trust to ensure that clinicians are supported to follow guidance and commence variable rate insulin infusion when required while caring for women with diabetes in labour.

#### The most recent safety recommendation prior to this was received in May 2024 pertaining to MI-036488:

The Trust ensures that mothers with moderate or severe continuous abdominal pain are observed and monitored as part of an ongoing holistic assessment." An action planning meeting will be arranged to address this recommendation. The Division is also reviewing additional learning identified from the final report and generating additional actions.



# Local & National Audits CQUIM MSDS & Maternity Dashboard



**Triangulation of Incidents and data analysis of Maternity Dashboard:** 

Postpartum Haemorrhage >500-<1500mls Audit Quarterly

Postpartum Haemorrhage > 1500mls Audit

**VTE Audit Monthly** 

Decision to Delivery Category 2 CS

Triage Audit (Triage times and Self Discharges)

Local Guideline/SOP Audit and National Benchmarking



## **CQC Visit & Maternity Survey**



CQC Visit October 2023- published May 24 (Good)

CQC Maternity Survey 2022 (Co-produced with MNVP) Action plan fully implemented

CQC Maternity Survey 2023 (GAP Analysis and Action Plan co-produced) Learning re: Postnatal Services, Triage, CS pathways.



### Litigation NHSR Scorecard



This year's Scorecard was received in September 2024, it contains data for 10 years of claims by incident date- 1/4/2014-31/3/24.

The 2023 Scorecard had no claim with an incident date from April 2021 onwards, we now have 3 claims from 2021/22 but none for 22/23 or 23/24.

The claims received post the Independent Maternity Review have incident dates as far back as 1994, so most of these claims will not be included on the scorecard.

In the 2023 scorecard, the most common theme in both the high and low volumes section of the scorecard for obstetrics was "fail/delay in treatment". This remains the most common theme in the low value, high volume claims, however in the high value, high volume section "failing to respond to abnormal fetal heart rate" is now the most common theme (and is second in the low volume section).



### **Obstetrics**



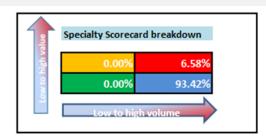
Specialty drop down list: Obstetrics

Notificatio	n Window (Year	s)
Specialty	2.89	The average notification window for Obstetrics claims is 0.68 year(s) longer than the
Trust	2.21	average notification window for all claims received by the trust.

Specialty - Volume of Claims 76

% of Trust Clinical Claims - Volume 15% Specialty - Value of claims (£) 69,349,749

% of Trust Clinical Claims - Value 35%

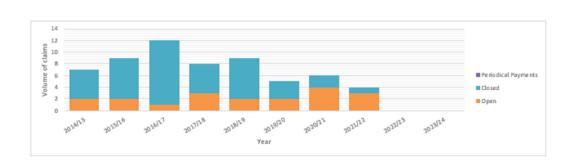


Specialty - Ave. Claim Value (£) 912,497

% Trust - Ave. Clinical Claim Value 242%

#### Volume of claims by Incident Year (Incidents Excluded)

Year	Open	Closed	Periodical Payments
2014/15	2	5	0
2015/16	2	7	0
2016/17	1	11	0
2017/18	3	5	0
2018/19	2	7	0
2019/20	2	3	0
2020/21	4	2	0
2021/22	3	1	0
2022/23	0	0	0
2023/24	0	0	0
Total	19	41	0



### **Obstetrics Themes**



#### **Current Status (Incidents Excluded)**

	Volume
Open	19
Closed	41
Periodical Payments	0
Total	60



#### Top 5 injuries by volume for Obstetrics

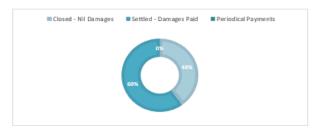
	Injury	Volume	Value	Ave Claim Value	Volume	Value
1	Stillborn	16	1,640,344	102,522	21%	2%
2	Fatality	10	1,394,301	139,430	13%	2%
3	Unnecessary Pain	8	462,863	57,858	11%	1%
4	Psychiatric/Psychological Dmge	7	504,197	72,028	9%	1%
5	Brain Damage	6	44.457.888	7,409,648	8%	64%
Total Top 5 injuries by Volume for Obstetrics 47 48.459.593			1,031,055	62%	70%	

#### Top 5 causes by volume for Obstetrics

					% of Spe	ecialty
	Causes	Volume	Value	Ave Claim Value	Volume	Value
1	Fail / Delay Treatment	28	5,467,229	195,258	37%	8%
2	Fail To Warn-Informed Consent	6	15,034,472	2,505,745	8%	22%
3	Fail To Make Resp To Abnrm FHR	5	30,071,849	6,014,370	7%	43%
4	Fail To Monitor 2nd Stg Labour	4	287,950	71,987	5%	0%
5	Fail To Act On Abnorm Test Res	4	14.993.411	3,748,353	5%	22%
Tota	Total Top 5 causes by Volume for Obstetrics 47 65.854,911 1,401,168					95%

#### Claim Outcomes (Incidents Excluded)

	Volume	Value	Ave Total Value	%
Closed - Nil Damages	16	116,692	7,293	40%
Settled - Damages Paid	24	3,059,522	127,480	60%
Periodical Payments	0	•	-	0%
Total	40	3,176,214	79,405	



#### Top 5 injuries by value for Obstetrics

Injury	Volume	Value	Ave Claim Value	Volume	Value
Brain Damage	6	44,457,888	7,409,648	8%	64%
Cerebral Palsy	4	15,058,273	3,764,568	5%	22%
Erb's Palsy	2	1,711,710	855,855	3%	2%
Stillborn	16	1,640,344	102,522	21%	2%
Fatality	10	1.394.301	139,430	13%	2%
Top 5 injuries by Volume for Obstetrics	38	64.262.516	1,691,119	50%	93%
	Brain Damage Cerebral Palsy Erb's Palsy Stillborn Fatality	Brain Damage         6           Cerebral Palsy         4           Erb's Palsy         2           Stillborn         16           Fatality         10	Brain Damage         6         44,457,888           Cerebral Palsy         4         15,058,273           Erb's Palsy         2         1,711,710           Stillborn         16         1,640,344           Fatality         10         1,394,301	Brain Damage     6     44,457,888     7,409,648       Cerebral Palsy     4     15,058,273     3,764,568       Erb's Palsy     2     1,711,710     855,855       Stillborn     16     1,640,344     102,522       Fatality     10     1,394,301     139,430	Brain Damage         6         44,457,888         7,409,648         8%           Cerebral Palsy         4         15,058,273         3,764,568         5%           Erb's Palsy         2         1,711,710         855,855         3%           Stillborn         16         1,640,344         102,522         21%           Fatality         10         1,394,301         139,430         13%

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						ecialty
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2	Fail To Warn-Informed Consent	6	15,034,472	2,505,745	8%	22%
3	Fail To Act On Abnorm Test Res	4	14,993,411	3,748,353	5%	22%
4	Fail / Delay Treatment	28	5,467,229	195,258	37%	8%
5	Fail To Diag Pre-Eclampsia	1	670.000	670,000	1%	1%
Total T	op 5 causes by Volume for Obstetrics	44	66,236,961	1,505,385	58%	96%



### **Neonates**



Specialty drop down list: Neonatology

Notification Window (Years)							
Specialty		The average notification window for Neonatology claims is 3.25 year(s) longer than					
Trust	2.21	the average notification window for all claims received by the trust.					

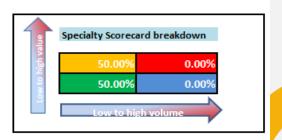
Specialty - Volume of Claims

% of Trust Clinical Claims - Volume
0%

Specialty - Value of claims (£) 14,610,000

% of Trust Clinical Claims - Value 7%

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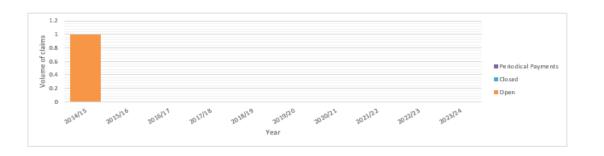


Specialty - Ave. Claim Value (£) 7,305,000

% Trust - Ave. Clinical Claim Value 1938%

#### Volume of claims by Incident Year (Incidents Excluded)

Year	Open	Closed	Periodical Payments
2014/15	1	0	0
2015/16	0	0	0
2016/17	0	0	0
2017/18	0	0	0
2018/19	0	0	0
2019/20	0	0	0
2020/21	0	0	0
2021/22	0	0	0
2022/23	0	0	0
2023/24	0	0	0
Total	1	0	0



# **Neonatology Themes**



#### Current Status

	Volume
Open	1
Closed	0
Periodical Payments	0
Total	1



#### Top 5 injuries by volume for Neonatology

						ecialty
	Iniury	Volume	Value	Ave Claim Value	Volume	Value
1	Meningitis	1	14,130,000	14,130,000	100%	100%
2		l				
3		l				
4		l				
5						
Tota	Top 5 injuries by Volume for Neonatology	1	14.130.000	14,130,000	100%	100%

#### Top 5 causes by volume for Neonatology

						ecialty
	Iniury	Volume	Value	Ave Claim Value	Volume	Value
1	Failure To Interpret X-Ray	1	14,130,000	14,130,000	100%	100%
2		l				
3		l				
4		l				
5						
Total Top 5 injuries by Volume for Neonatology		1	14.130.000	14,130,000	100%	100%

#### Claim Outcomes

	Volume	Value	Ave Total Value	%
Closed - Nil Damages	0	,		#DIV/0!
Settled - Damages Paid	0	,		#DIV/0!
Periodical Payments	0	,		#DIV/0!
Total	0	1	#DIV/0!	



#### Top 5 injuries by value for Neonatology

						ecialty
	Injury	Volume	Value	Ave Claim Value	Volume	Value
1	Meningitis	1	14,130,000	14,130,000	100%	100%
2						
3						
4						
5						
Total T	op 5 injuries by Volume for Neonatology	1	14.130.000	14,130,000	100%	100%

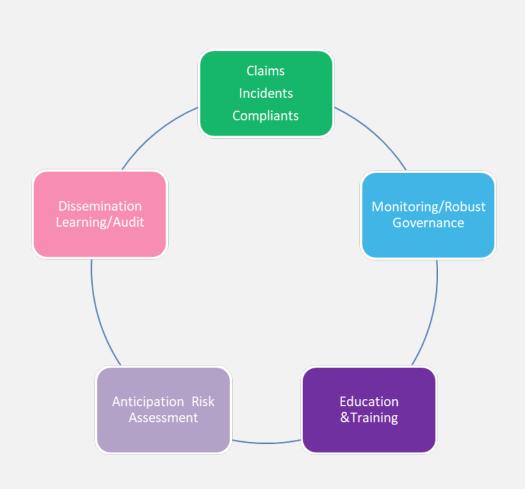
#### Top 5 causes by value for Neonatology

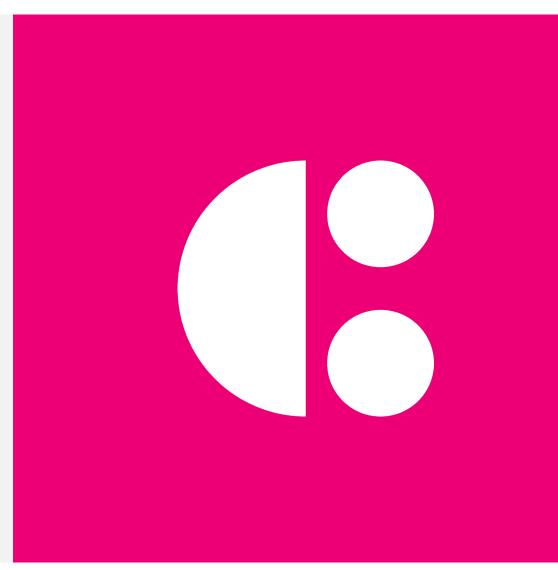
	% of Sp	ecialty				
	Iniury	Volume	Value	Ave Claim Value	Volume	Value
1	Failure To Interpret X-Ray	1	14,130,000	14,130,000	100%	100%
2						
3						
4						
5						
Total 1	Top 5 injuries by Volume for Neonatology	1	14.130.000	14,130,000	100%	100%



# **Monitoring Safety**







## **Triangulation**



Failure/delay in treatment

Fetal Monitoring and Interpretation

Escalation (Maternal Observations and in the immediate Newborn period)

Treatment of Hypertension

Placental Storage and appropriate pathological examination in line with National guidance.

**Term Admissions** 

Test Results (Follow up)

**Perineal Tears** 

Diabetes Service (Including Pre-conception)

Communication/Values & Behaviours

Waiting Times

Consent





### **Improvements**



Fetal Monitoring Training (Full day, Case Reviews, Workbook and Lead Midwife & Obstetrician, new IA Training)

ATAIN MDT Meetings (Learning Disseminated)

Professional Development Programmes

Fresh Eyes (Full Holistic Review)

Band 7 Co-ordinator Training

**Human Factors Training** 

Helicopter View Training

**Culture Training** 

Action Planning (Thematic Reviews QI projects)

Staff Engagement Events

Public Engagement (Open Days)

Guideline and SOP review

Quality Improvement ATAIN (Chorioamnionitis and Nasogastric tube Feeding)

Quality Improvements Postnatal Ward (Handover, Drug ward rounds, Discharge Processes)

Quality Improvements Community Review (Review of Community Services)

Quality Improvements Outpatients (CRT and Diabetes Services)

**Quality Improvements Triage** 







### **Improvements**



**Culture Workshops** 

**Culture Review** 

Staff Survey Action Plan

Individual Learning and Development Programmes

**Staff Rotations** 

QI projects (Triage, Diabetes Service & Induction of Labour)

Refresher Training

MNVP Engagement

Reflections

PMA support

Perinatal Pelvic Health Service

OPEL Framework/Manager of the Day/Workforce Plan





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# Thank you

